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NEWS 17 Apr 22 BIOSIS Gene Names now available in TOXCENTER
NEWS 18 Apr 22 Federal Research in Progress (FEDRIP) now available
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        Jul 02 FOREGE no longer contains STANDARDS file segment
NEWS 22
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              AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 05 FEBRUARY 2002
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=> fil caplus uspatfull biosis embase kosmet
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TOTAL SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

0.21

0.21

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=> s flake or flaky L2 30250 FLAKE OR FLAKY

=> s phosphoric or p205 L3 242308 PHOSPHORIC OR P205

=> 11(s)12

L1(S)L2 IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND
The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system.
For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter
"HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>).

=> d ibib abs

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 1 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:211918 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Flake-like alfa-alumina particles and method for

producing the same

INVENTOR(S):

Fukuda, Takeshi, Kurobe-shi, Japan Shido, Ryuichi, Kurobe-shi, Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

YKK Corporation (non-U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE	
PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2001043910 US 2001-834651	A1	20011122 20010416	(9)

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: JP 2000-114625 20000417

20000417 20010216

DOCUMENT TYPE:

JP 2001-40237 Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Finnegan, Henderson, Farabow,, Garrett & Dunner,

L.L.P., 1300 I Street, N.W., Washington, DC,

20005-3315

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

10 . 1

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

1 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

844

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Flake-like .alpha.-alumina particles having an average major diameter of

0.5 to 25 .mu.m and an aspect ratio, expressed by particle major diameter/average thickness, of greater than 50 to 2000 and having a

thin

flat form. The flake-like .alpha.-alumina particles are produced by a hydrothermal synthesis process of an aqueous slurry in which the slurry comprises an alumina hydrate and/or an alumina gel, having a particle size of not more than 2 .mu.m and a maximum size of not more than 5.0 .mu.m and phosphoric acid ions in an amount of 1.0.times.10.sup.-3 to 1.0.times.10.sup.-1 mol per mol of the alumina hydrate and/or alumina gel. The flake-like .alpha.-alumina particles exhibit good dispersibility when being kneaded as fillers or pigments in rubbers or plastics or as coating agents with a resin and also can be easily dispersed as primary particles in aqueous solvent with high dispersion stability when added to an aqueous slurry of precision abrasives or cosmetics. The particles are desirable in providing cosmetics with good smoothness, tackiness to the skin and spreadability.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

=> s 11(p)12

PROXIMITY OPERATOR LEVEL NOT CONSISTENT WITH FIELD CODE - 'AND' OPERATOR ASSUMED 'L5(P)L11'

L5 1 L1(P) L2

=> s 11(1)12

L6 25 L1(L) L2

=> s alumina

L7 344463 ALUMINA

=> s 17(s)12

L8 913 L7(S) L2

=> s particle or particles

L9 1556446 PARTICLE OR PARTICLES

=> s 19(p)18

PROXIMITY OPERATOR LEVEL NOT CONSISTENT WITH

FIELD CODE - 'AND' OPERATOR ASSUMED 'L53(P)L47'

L10 209 L9(P) L8

=> s 19(s)17(s)12

=> dup rem 111 DUPLICATE IS NOT AVAILABLE IN 'KOSMET'. ANSWERS FROM THESE FILES WILL BE CONSIDERED UNIQUE PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L11 L12 204 DUP REM L11 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED) => d his (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 07:17:33 ON 03 JUL 2002)

FILE 'CAPLUS, USPATFULL, BIOSIS, EMBASE, KOSMET' ENTERED AT 07:17:45 ON 03 JUL 2002

L11846 S ALUMINA PARTICLE L230250 S FLAKE OR FLAKY L3 242308 S PHOSPHORIC OR P205 L41 S L1(S)L2 L5 1 S L1(P)L2 L6 25 S L1(L)L2 L7 344463 S ALUMINA L8 913 S L7(S)L2 1556446 S PARTICLE OR PARTICLES L9 L10209 S L9(P)L8 L11 204 S L9(S)L7(S)L2 L12204 DUP REM L11 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> s alumina particle or alumina particles 7453 ALUMINA PARTICLE OR ALUMINA PARTICLES

=> s 113(s)1223 L13(S) L2

=> dup rem 114 DUPLICATE IS NOT AVAILABLE IN 'KOSMET'. ANSWERS FROM THESE FILES WILL BE CONSIDERED UNIQUE PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L14 L15 23 DUP REM L14 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d ibib abs

L15 ANSWER 1 OF 23 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:133304 USPATFULL TITLE:

Recording medium, image forming process using the

recording medium and production process of the

recording medium

INVENTOR(S): Misuda, Katsutoshi, Kanagawa, JAPAN

Asaoka, Masanobu, Kanagawa, JAPAN

NUMBER KIND DATE -----PATENT INFORMATION: US 2002068154 A1 20020606 US 2001-945760 A1 20010905 (9) APPLICATION INFO.:

NUMBER DATE -----PRIORITY INFORMATION: JP 2000-272051 20000907

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO, 30 ROCKEFELLER

PLAZA, NEW YORK, NY, 10112

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 12 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1 LINE COUNT: 524

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Disclosed herein is a recording medium comprising a base material and

ink-receiving layer containing a particulate material provided on the base material, wherein the particulate material comprises aluminum oxide

particles of the .gamma.-crystal structure, the average particle diameter of the aluminum oxide particles is at least 0.21 .mu.m, but at most 1.0 .mu.m, at least 90% of all the aluminum oxide particles have a particle diameter of at most 1.0 .mu.m, and the specular glossiness of the surface of the ink-receiving layer is at least 50% as measured at 75.degree..

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

=> d 2 ibib abs

L15 ANSWER 2 OF 23 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:25621 USPATFULL

TITLE: Method and apparatus for treating water

INVENTOR(S): McKay, Scott, San Antonio, TX, UNITED STATES

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-263697, filed

on 5 Mar 1999, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6207060

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: VIDAS, ARRETT & STEINKRAUS, P.A., 6109 BLUE CIRCLE

DRIVE, SUITE 2000, MINNETONKA, MN, 55343-9185

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 29 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 11 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1298

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The inventive method and apparatus for treating water and water systems.

The apparatus and method also assures the retention of calcium in drinking water provided to an animal by suppling water to a water feed line which is connected to a drinking device, oxidizing the water to retain calcium in the water in solution, ionizing the water using copper/zinc electrodes, the ionization sanitizing the water and providing residual copper and zinc ions which act as an algicide and a biocide, and providing the ionized oxidized drinking water which

retains

calcium in solution to the animal for drinking.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

=> d 3 ibib abs

L15 ANSWER 3 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:780429 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:305829

TITLE:

Flake-like alpha-alumina

particles and their production

INVENTOR(S):

Fukuda, Takeshi; Shido, Ryuichi YKK Corporation, Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Eur. Pat. Appl., 13 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. EP 1148028

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,

IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO

 JP 2001302452
 A2
 20011031
 JP 2000-114625
 20000417

 US 2001043910
 A1
 20011122
 US 2001-834651
 20010416

 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2000-114625 A 20000417 JP 2001-40237 A 20010216

Flake-like .alpha.-Al203 particles having an av. major diam. of 0.5-25 .mu.m and an aspect ratio, expressed by particle major diam./av. thickness, of greater than 50 to 2000 and having a thin flat form. flake-like .alpha.-Al203 particles are produced by a hydrothermal synthesis process of an aq. slurry in which the slurry comprises an alumina hydrate and/or an alumina gel, having a particle size of

.mu.m and a max. size of .ltoreq.5.0 .mu.m and phosphoric acid ions in an amt. of 1.0 \times 10-3 to 1.0 \times 10-1 mol per mol of the alumina hydrate

alumina gel. The flake-like .alpha.-Al203 particles exhibit good dispersibility during mixing as fillers or pigments in rubbers or plastics

or as coating agents with a resin and also can be easily dispersed as primary particles in an aq. solvent with high dispersion stability when added to an aq. slurry of precision abrasives or cosmetics. The particles

are desirable in providing cosmetics with good smoothness, tackiness to the skin and spreadability.

=> d 4 ibib abs

L15 ANSWER 4 OF 23 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:211918 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Flake-like alfa-alumina

INVENTOR (S):

particles and method for producing the same

Fukuda, Takeshi, Kurobe-shi, Japan Shido, Ryuichi, Kurobe-shi, Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): YKK Corporation (non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----PATENT INFORMATION: US 2001043910 A1 20011122 US 2001-834651 A1 20010416 (9) APPLICATION INFO.:

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: JP 2000-114625 20000417

JP 2001-40237 20010216

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Finnegan, Henderson, Farabow,, Garrett & Dunner,

L.L.P., 1300 I Street, N.W., Washington, DC,

20005-3315

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 10 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 1 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 844

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Flake-like .alpha.-alumina particles

having an average major diameter of 0.5 to 25 .mu.m and an aspect

ratio,

expressed by particle major diameter/average thickness, of greater than 50 to 2000 and having a thin flat form. The **flake**-like

.alpha.-alumina particles are produced by a

hydrothermal synthesis process of an aqueous slurry in which the slurry comprises an alumina hydrate and/or an alumina gel, having a particle size of not more than 2 .mu.m and a maximum size of not more than 5.0 .mu.m and phosphoric acid ions in an amount of 1.0.times.10.sup.-3 to 1.0.times.10.sup.-1 mol per mol of the alumina hydrate and/or alumina gel. The flake-like .alpha.-alumina

particles exhibit good dispersibility when being kneaded as fillers or pigments in rubbers or plastics or as coating agents with a resin and also can be easily dispersed as primary particles in aqueous solvent with high dispersion stability when added to an aqueous slurry of precision abrasives or cosmetics. The particles are desirable in providing cosmetics with good smoothness, tackiness to the skin and spreadability.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

=> d 5 ibib abs

L15 ANSWER 5 OF 23 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:121037 USPATFULL TITLE: Multilayered gas sensor

INVENTOR(S): Hatfield, Thomas N., Mishawaka, IN, United States PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): CTS Corporation, Elkhart, IN, United States (U.S.

corporation)

19970116 (8)

APPLICATION INFO.: US 1997-783857
DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Soderquist, Arlen

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Starkweather, Michael W., Tychonevich, Daniel

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 20 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 3 Drawing Figure(s); 2 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 338

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB A multilayered gas sensor for detecting the presence of gases in air.

Ιn

particular, sensors are described for sensing hydrocarbons and nitrogen

oxides. An additional feature of the invention is to provide a device that is suitable for sensing gases in the harsh environment of an automobile exhaust system. The device features a ceramic substrate and

glass layer to adhere a catalyst support to the substrate. A catalyst layer of either platinum or rhodium is deposited on the catalyst support

and a thermally sensitive resistor element detects reactions of hydrocarbons or nitrogen oxides on the corresponding catalyst.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

=> d 5 kwic

L15 ANSWER 5 OF 23 USPATFULL

DETD . . . firing profile for the glass employed. This will reflow the glass and cause it to firmly adhere to both the alumina particles and substrate 20. It is important that the glass bond very firmly to both the substrate and catalytic support because if the

very firmly to both the substrate and catalytic support because if the alumina particles flake off, the sensor will no longer function. In principal, any glass film formation, including

many commercially available varieties such as. . .

=> d 6 ibib abs

L15 ANSWER 6 OF 23 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:97843 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Cast coated paper for ink jet recording, process for

producing the paper and ink jet recording method using

the paper

INVENTOR(S):

Imabeppu, Katsuyoshi, Itami, Japan Asano, Shinichi, Nishinomiya, Japan Ohashi, Hiroyuki, Neyagawa, Japan Nojima, Kazuhiro, Kobe, Japan Suzuki, Eiichi, Asaka, Japan Sakaki, Mamoru, Yamato, Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Canon Kabushiki Kaisha, Tokyo, Japan (non-U.S.

corporation)

Oji Paper Co., Ltd., Tokyo, Japan (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

US 6096157 20000801 US 1998-12556 19980123 (9)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Division of Ser. No. US 1995-545154, filed on 19 Oct

1995, now patented, Pat. No. US 5741584

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: DOCUMENT TYPE:

JP 1994-255757 19941020

FILE SEGMENT:

Utility Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Dixon, Merrick

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

Fitzpatrick, Cella, Harper & Scinto

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

9

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

4 Drawing Figure(s); 2 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

768

A cast coated paper for ink jet recording is prepared by a process including the steps of: forming on a base paper an undercoating layer containing alumina having a bulk density of at most 0.2 g/cm.sup.3 and an adhesive, applying onto the undercoating layer an overcoating liquid containing a resin to form a wet overcoating layer, and pressing the wet

overcoating layer against a heated drum having a mirror-finished surface

to dry the overcoating layer, thereby forming a cast-coating layer. The resultant cast coated paper shows not only good gloss and ink jet recording performances (inclusive of ink absorptivity and recorded

image

density), but also good weather-fastness of recorded images.

=> d 6 kwic

L15 ANSWER 6 OF 23 USPATFULL

Alumina mostly has plate-like structure, but it is preferred to use DETD flaky alumina particles because such flaky alumina can easily trap air between the particles.

=> d 7 ibib abs

L15 ANSWER 7 OF 23 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER:

TITLE:

2000:80388 USPATFULL

Process for producing fine flaky alumina particles and alumina-based

plastic material

INVENTOR (S):

Shibasaki, Yasuo, Nagoya, Japan Oda, Kiichi, Nagoya, Japan Fukuda, Takeshi, Kurobe, Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Agency of Industrial Science and Technology, Ministry of International Trade and Industry, Tokyo, Japan

(non-U.S. corporation)

YKK Corporation, Tokyo, Japan (non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----US 6080380 20000627 US 1994-301734 19940907 (8)

APPLICATION INFO.: RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

PATENT INFORMATION:

Continuation of Ser. No. US 1992-907933, filed on 1

1992, now abandoned

NUMBER DATE -----PRIORITY INFORMATION: JP 1991-193668 19910709 JP 1991-282015 19911003

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: Granted PRIMARY EXAMINER: Bos, Steven

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Flynn, Thiel, Boutell & Tanis, P.C.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 3 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention provides a process for producing fine flaky alumina particles which are suitable as a raw material for ceramics, a pigment for paint, etc., wherein aluminum hydroxide or alumina hydrate having a particle size regulated to the order of submicron is subjected to a hydrothermal treatment in water or an aqueous alkali solution at a temperature of 350.degree. C. or above and under a pressure of 200 kg/cm.sup.2 or below. The present invention further provides an alumina-based plastic material which is produced by kneading the aforesaid fine flaky particles with an organic water holding material and water. Methylcellulose, polyvinyl alcohol, carboxymethylcellulose, polyethylene glycol, etc. are preferably used as the organic water holding agent. The alumina-based plastic material has a high plasticity, so that there is no need of using a large amount of a binder. Thus a dense molded article having stable properties can be prepared.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

=> d 8 ibib abs

L15 ANSWER 8 OF 23 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:31032 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Gas sensor with orientation insensitivity INVENTOR (S): Newman, Robert L., Osceola, IN, United States

Blakesley, Patrick B., Goshen, IN, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): CTS Corporation, Elkhart, IN, United States (U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5880354 19990309 US 1997-873219 APPLICATION INFO.: 19970611 (8)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: Granted

Williams, Hezron E. PRIMARY EXAMINER: ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Wiggins, J. David Starkweather, Michael W. LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 27 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 10 Drawing Figure(s); 7 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 648

A gas sensor for being placed into a gas stream such that the gas sensor

is insensitive to any specific rotational orientation about a longitudinal axis of the sensor within the gas stream. The sensor includes 1) a base having an axis that is perpendicular to the gas stream, 2) a sensor element on the base, 3) a catalyzed sensor element on the base proximate the sensor element, for creating an exothermic reaction upon contacting the gas stream thereby forming a heated gas stream portion, and 4) the catalyzed sensor element and the sensor element are positioned on the base with a sufficient axial separation therebetween so that as the base rotates about the axis, the heated gas stream portion will not contact the sensor element. In particular, the base has a second axis being perpendicular to the axis and separating the sensor element from the catalyzed sensor element. Additionally, the invention provides a device that may have both the sensor element and the catalyzed sensor element including a longitudinal axis. Wherein, both the sensor element and the catalyzed sensor element may have many

different shapes. Both the sensor element and the catalyzed sensor element may have two or three sides that are coextensive with at least one void. As a result of having a void the base may include a bridge that connects at least one side of the sensor element and the catalyzed sensor element to the base.

=> d 9 ibib abs

L15 ANSWER 9 OF 23 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER:

TITLE:

1998:135287 USPATFULL

INVENTOR(S):

Gas sensor with multiple exposed active elements Newman, Robert L., Osceola, IN, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

CTS Corporation, Elkhart, IN, United States (U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

US 5831146 19981103 US 1997-872817 19970611 (8)

Utility

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: ASSISTANT EXAMINER:

Williams, Hezron E. Wiggins, J. David

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Starkweather, Michael W., Tychonievich, Dan,

Bourgeois,

Mark P.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

27

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

10 Drawing Figure(s); 7 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

A combustible gas detector or sensor having catalytic coated resistance sensing elements that uses a wheatstone bridge to sense the presence

and

concentration of any combustible gases in a gas stream that chemically react with such catalytic coatings. Wherein there is a power supply

node

electrically coupling one end of a first and second bridge of the wheatstone bridge. There is a ground node electrically coupling the first and second bridge at another end. There is a first and second metered node located on the first and second bridge respectively. There is a first catalytic sensor element, located on the first bridge

the power node and first metered node. There is a second catalytic sensor element, located on the second bridge between the ground node

and

second metered node. There is a first reference sensor element, located on the first bridge and in series with the first catalytic sensor element, and coupled between the first metered node and the ground

node.

Finally, there is a second reference sensor element, located on the second bridge and in series with the second catalytic sensor element, and coupled between the second metered node and the power node the geometry and design of the gas detector has the two catalytic sensing elements and two reference sensing elements being spatially separated and positioned on a base capable of being rotated along an axis so that as the base rotates about the axis the heated gas stream will not contact the first and second reference sensing elements.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

=> d 10 ibib abs

L15 ANSWER 10 OF 23 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:82295 USPATFULL

TITLE: INVENTOR(S):

Gas sensor having a compounded catalytic structure Hatfield, Thomas N., Mishawaka, IN, United States CTS Corporation, Elkhart, IN, United States (U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.:

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

US 5779980 19980714 US 1997-783858 19970116 (8)

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

Utility Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Soderquist, Arlen

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

Starkweather, Michael W., Tychonievich, Daniel

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

4 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 376

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

A gas sensor for detecting the presence of gases in air. In particular, sensors are described that have a compound catalytic support structure and are suitable for sensing hydrocarbons and nitrogen oxides. The device features a ceramic substrate having a temperature sensitive resistor on one surface. A mixture of ceramic particles and glass powder

are applied over the substrate and resistor and fired so that the glass flows and adheres the ceramic particles to the substrate. A catalyst layer of either platinum or rhodium is deposited on the catalyst support

and a thermally sensitive resistor element detects reactions of hydrocarbons or nitrogen oxides on the corresponding catalyst. The invention is suitable for sensing gases in the harsh environment of an automobile exhaust system.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

=> d 11 ibib abs

L15 ANSWER 11 OF 23 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:42158 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Cast coated paper for ink jet recording, process for producing the paper and ink jet recording method using

the paper

INVENTOR(S):

Imabeppu, Katsuyoshi, Itami, Japan Asano, Shinichi, Nishinomiya, Japan Ohashi, Hiroyuki, Neyagawa, Japan Nojima, Kazuhiro, Kobe, Japan

Suzuki, Eiichi, Asaka, Japan Sakaki, Mamoru, Yamato, Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Canon Kabushiki Kaisha, Tokyo, Japan (non-U.S.

corporation)

Oji Paper Co., Ltd., Tokyo, Japan (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE PATENT INFORMATION: US 5741584 19980421 APPLICATION INFO.: US 1995-545154 19951019 (8)

> NUMBER DATE -----

PRIORITY INFORMATION: JP 1994-255757 19941020

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Hess, Bruce H.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Fitzpatrick, Cella, Harper & Scinto

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 45 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 19

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 4 Drawing Figure(s); 2 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 877

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

A cast coated paper for ink jet recording is prepared by a process including the steps of: forming on a base paper an undercoating layer comprising alumina having a bulk density of at most 0.2 g/cm.sup.3 and an adhesive, applying onto the undercoating layer an overcoating liquid comprising a resin to form a wet overcoating layer, and pressing the

wet

image

overcoating layer against a heated drum having a mirror-finished surface

to dry the overcoating layer, thereby forming a cast-coating layer. The resultant cast coated paper shows not only good gloss and ink jet recording performances (inclusive of ink absorptivity and recorded

density), but also good weather-fastness of recorded images.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

=> d 12 ibib abs

L15 ANSWER 12 OF 23 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 96:118232 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Process for producing fine flaky alumina particles and alumina-based

plastic material

INVENTOR (S): Shibasaki, Yasuo, Nagoya, Japan

Oda, Kiichi, Nagoya, Japan Fukuda, Takeshi, Kurobe, Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Agency Of Industrial Science And Technology, Ministry

Of International Trade And Industry, Tokyo, Japan

(non-U.S. corporation)

YKK Corporation, Tokyo, Japan (non-U.S. corporation)

١

NUMBER KIND DATE -----

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5587010 19961224 US 1995-491114 19950616 APPLICATION INFO.: 19950616 (8)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Division of Ser. No. US 1994-301734, filed on 7 Sep

1994 which is a continuation of Ser. No. US 1992-907933, filed on 1 Jul 1992, now abandoned

> NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: JP 1991-193668 19910709 JP 1991-282015 19911003

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Brunsman, David

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Flynn, Thiel, Boutell & Tanis, P.C.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 3 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 317

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention provides a process for producing fine

flaky alumina particles suitable as a raw

material for ceramics, a pigment for paint and etc., wherein aluminum hydroxide or alumina hydrate having a particle size regulated to the order of submicron is subjected to a hydrothermal treatment in water or an aqueous alkali solution at a temperature of 350.degree. C. or above under a pressure of 200 kg/cm.sup.2 or below. The present invention further provides an alumina-based plastic material which is produced by kneading the aforesaid fine flaky particles with an organic water holding material and water. Methylcellulose, polyvinyl alcohol, carboxymethylcellulose, polyethylene glycol, etc. are preferably used

the organic water holding agent. The alumina-based plastic material has a high plasticity, so that there is no need of using a large amount of

binder. Thus a dense molded article having stable properties can be prepared.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

=> d 13 ibib abs

as

L15 ANSWER 13 OF 23 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 95:27270 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Fine flaky boehmite particles amd process for the

preparation of the same

INVENTOR(S): Fukuda, Takeshi, Kurobe, Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Yoshida Kogyo K.K., Tokyo, Japan (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5401703 19950328 APPLICATION INFO.: US 1993-169380 19931217 (8)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Division of Ser. No. US 1993-27331, filed on 5 Mar

1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5306680

NUMBER DATE -----

PRIORITY INFORMATION: JP 1992-74504 19920330 DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility FILE SEGMENT: Granted PRIMARY EXAMINER: Bell, Mark L. ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Bonner, C. M.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Flynn, Thiel, Boutell & Tanis

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 5 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 283

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Fine **flaky** boehmite particles which have an orthorhombic crystal form and a specified crystal face grown in the form of a flat plate, and a process for the preparation of fine **flaky** boehmite particles which comprises subjecting aluminum hydroxide or hydrated alumina having a particle size adjusted to the order of submicrons to hydrothermal treatment in water or an aqueous alkali solution at a temperature of 150.degree. C. or above under a pressure

of

100 atm or below. The fine **flaky** boehmite particles are useful as a starting material for the preparation of fine **flaky** alumina particles or as a filler suitable for a pigment for coating materials, a filler for rubbers and plastics and a coating material for paper making.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

=> d 14 ibib abs

L15 ANSWER 14 OF 23 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 94:42319 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Process for the preparation of ceramic flakes, fibers,

and grains from ceramic sols

INVENTOR(S):

Coblenz, William S., Arlington, VA, United States Kavanaugh, Michael D., North Grafton, MA, United

States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PATENT INFORMATION:

Saint Gobain/Norton Industrial Ceramics Corp., Worcester, MA, United States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER	KIND	DATE	
US 5312791		10040517	
US 1992-933161		19940517 19920821	(7)

APPLICATION INFO.: DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT: PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Utility
Granted
Group, Karl
Wright, A.
Bennett, David

ASSISTANT EXAMINER: LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 18
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1
LINE COUNT: 433

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB A process for producing ceramic flake, fiber and grain materials comprising solidifying a hydrated alumina sol, freeze drying the solidified sol and thereafter sintering the freeze dried material is disclosed. Novel ribbed flake material made by the process of the present invention is also disclosed.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

=> d 15 ibib abs

L15 ANSWER 15 OF 23 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER:

94:35556 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Fine flaky boehmite particles and process for the

preparation of the same

INVENTOR (S):

Fukuda, Takeshi, Kurobe, Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Yoshida Kogyo K.K., Tokyo, Japan (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION:

US 5306680 19940426

APPLICATION INFO.:

US 1993-27331

19930305 (8)

NUMBER DATE -----

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

JP 1992-74504 19920330

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

Utility Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Bell, Mark L.

ASSISTANT EXAMINER:

Bonner, C.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Flynn, Thiel, Boutell & Tanis

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

5 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

276

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Fine flaky boehmite particles which have an orthorhombic crystal form and a specified crystal face grown in the form of a flat plate, and a process for the preparation of fine flaky boehmite particles which comprises subjecting aluminum hydroxide or hydrated alumina having a particle size adjusted to the order of submicron to hydrothermal treatment in water or an aqueous alkali solution at a temperature of 150.degree. C. or above and under a pressure of 100 atm or below. The fine flaky boehmite particles are useful as a starting material for the preparation of fine flaky alumina particles or as a filler suitable for a pigment for coating materials, a filler for rubbers and plastics and a coating material for paper making.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

=> d 16 ibib abs

L15 ANSWER 16 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:150486 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

118:150486

TITLE:

Manufacture of fine flaky alumina

INVENTOR (S):

particles and alumina-based plastic materials Shibasaki, Yasuo; Oda, Kiichi; Fukuda, Takeshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Agency of Industrial Science and Technology, Ministry

of International Trade and Industry, Japan; Yoshida

Kogyo K.K.

SOURCE:

Eur. Pat. Appl., 8 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.		DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
				
EP 522519	A2	19930113	EP 1992-111532	19920708
EP 522519	A3	19930609		10020700

EP 522519 B1 19960306 R: DE, FR, GB JP 05017132 A2 19930126 JP 1991-193668 19910709 19950106 JP 07002568 A2 JP 1991-282015 19911003 CA 2073471 AA 19930110 CA 1992-2073471 19920708 CA 2073471 С 19980519 US 6080380 A 20000627 US 1994-301734 19940907 US 5587010 Α 19961224 US 1995-491114 19950616 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1991-193668 A 19910709 JP 1991-282015 A 19911003 US 1992-907933 B1 19920701 US 1994-301734 A3 19940907

AB Al (OH) 3 or Al2O3 hydrate having particle size in the order of submicron is

subjected to a hydrothermal treatment in water or an aq. alkali soln. at .gtoreq.350.degree. and .ltoreq.200 kg/cm2 to produce hexagonal flaky particles. The flaky Al2O3 powders and an org. water-holding material

water are kneaded to produce an Al2O3-based plastic material for dense molded articles manuf.

=> d 17 ibib abs

and

L15 ANSWER 17 OF 23 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 90:94969 USPATFULL Coating and compositions

INVENTOR(S):

Baldi, Alfonso L., Sea Isle City, NJ, United States
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Alloy Surfaces Company, Inc., Wilmington, DE, United

States (U.S. corporation)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1988-205387, filed

on 10 Jun 1988, now patented, Pat. No. US 4895609 And

continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1988-182718, filed

on 18 Apr 1988 And a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1986-862712, filed on 13 May 1986, now patented, Pat. No. US 4871708 And a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1986-830767, filed on 10 Feb 1986.

No. US 1986-830767, filed on 19 Feb 1986, now patented,

Pat. No. US 4799979 And a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1985-777755, filed on 19 Sep 1985, now

abandoned

And a continuation-in-part of Ser No. US 1005 ESER

And a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1985-757606, filed on 22 Jul 1985, now abandoned And a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1985-707656, filed on 4 Mar 1985, now patented, Pat. No. US 4824482 And a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1984-685910, filed on 27 Dec 1984, now patented, Pat. No. US 4820362 And

continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1984-584538, filed on 28 Feb 1984, now patented, Pat. No. US 4845139 And

continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1983-538541, filed on 3 Oct 1983, now abandoned And a

continuation-in-part

а

a

of Ser. No. US 1983-479211, filed on 28 Mar 1983, now abandoned And a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1984-632016, filed on 18 Jul 1984, now abandoned And a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1984-605284, filed on 30 Apr 1984, now abandoned And a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1984-571510, filed on 17 Jan 1984, now patented, Pat. No. US 4537927 And

а

continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1983-488103, filed on 25 Apr 1983, now patented, Pat. No. US 4615970 And

continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1982-417214, filed on 13 Sep 1982, now abandoned And a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1982-398830, filed on 16 Jul 1982, now patented, Pat. No. US 4467016 And

а

continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1981-302979, filed on 17 Sep 1981, now abandoned And a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1981-281405, filed on 8 Jul 1981, now patented, Pat. No. US 4708913 And a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1981-230333, filed on 2 Feb 1981, now patented, Pat. No. US 4347267 And a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1980-191780, filed on 29 Sep 1980, now abandoned And a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1980-172671, filed on 28 Jul 1980, now patented, Pat. No. US 4435481 And

continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1979-73539, filed on 7 Sep 1979, now patented, Pat. No. US 4260654

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

Utility Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Lechert, Jr., Stephen J.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Connolly and Hutz

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

1

1448

LINE COUNT:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Workpieces are very rapidly diffusion coated by heating the packed workpieces at a rate that brings the workpieces to diffusion-coating temperature and then completing the diffusion coating, all in less than 50 minutes, then cooling. Workpiece can have top coating layer of aluminum flake covered by a layer of extremely fine alumina or silica

in

a magnesium chromate binder, to provide surface having roughness at least about 10 micro-inches smoother than before the top coating. Used aluminized jet engine hot section members can be reconditioned by a fluoridizing treatment that deoxidizes and also removes residual aluminizing, so that the members can then be repaired if necessary and re-aluminized.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

=> d 18 ibib abs

L15 ANSWER 18 OF 23 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 90:81622 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Method for refurbishing used jet engine hot section

airfoils

INVENTOR (S):

Baldi, Alfonso L., Wynnewood, PA, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Alloy Surfaces Company, Inc., Wilmington, DE, United States (U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER KIND DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 4965095 19901023
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 1988-289595 19881222 (7)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1988-205387, filed
	on 10 Jun 1988, now patented, Pat. No. US 4895609 And
a	, Feeting two, No. ob 1035003 And
	continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1988-182718, filed
	on 18 Apr 1988, now abandoned And a
	continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1986-862712, filed
2	on 13 May 1986, now patented, Pat. No. US 4871708 And
a	continuation in most of a
	continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1986-830767, filed
a	on 19 Feb 1986, now patented, Pat. No. US 4799799 And
	continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1985-757606, filed
	on 22 Jul 1985, now abandoned And a
	continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1985-707606, filed
	on 4 Mar 1985, now patented, Pat. No. US 4824482 And a
	continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1984-685910, filed
_	on 27 Dec 1984, now patented, Pat. No. US 4820362 And
a	
	continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1984-584538, filed
a	on 28 Feb 1984, now patented, Pat. No. US 4845139 And
	continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1983-538541, filed
	on 3 Oct 1983, now patented, Pat. No. US 4830931 And a
	continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1983-479211, filed
	on 28 Mar 1983, now patented, Pat. No. US 4476244
which	
	is a continuation of Ser. No. US 1984-632016, filed on
	18 Jul 1984, now abandoned which is a continuation of
	Ser. No. US 1984-605248, filed on 30 Apr 1984, now
	abandoned which is a continuation of Ser. No. US
	1984-571510, filed on 17 Jan 1984, now patented, Pat. No. US 4537927 which is a continuation of Ser. No. US
	1983-488103, filed on 25 Apr 1983, now patented, Pat.
	No. US 4615920 which is a continuation of Ser. No. US
	1982-417214, filed on 13 Sep 1982, now abandoned which
	is a continuation of Ser. No. US 1982-398850, filed on
	16 Jul 1982, now patented, Pat. No. US 4467016 which
is	
	a continuation of Ser. No. US 1981-302979, filed on 17
Ser.	Sep 1981, now abandoned which is a continuation of
ber.	No. IIC 1001 201405 6:1-3 0 T 1 1001
	No. US 1981-281405, filed on 8 Jul 1981, now patented, Pat. No. US 4708913 which is a continuation of Ser.
No.	rac. No. 05 4708913 which is a continuation of Ser.
	US 1981-230333, filed on 2 Feb 1981, now patented,
Pat.	patented,
	No. US 4347267 which is a continuation of Ser. No. US
	1980-191780, filed on 29 Sep 1980, now abandoned which
	is a continuation of Ser. No. US 1980-172671, filed on
is	28 Jul 1980, now patented, Pat. No. US 4435481 which
та ,	

a continuation of Ser. No. US 1979-73539, filed on 7 Sep 1979, now patented, Pat. No. US 4260654

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Childs, Sadie LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Connolly & Hutz

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 2 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 1 Drawing Figure(s); 1 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1723

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Workpieces are very rapidly diffusion coated by heating the packed workpiece at a rate that brings the workpiece to diffusion-coating temperature and then completing the diffusion coating, all in less than 50 minutes, then cooling. Workpiece can have top coating layer of aluminum flake covered by a layer of extremely fine alumina or silica

in

a magnesium chromate binder, to provide surface having roughness at least about 10 micro-inches smoother than before the top coating. Used aluminized jet engine hot section members can be reconditioned by a fluoridizing treatment that deoxidizes and also removes residual aluminizing, so that the members can then be repaired if necessary and re-aluminized.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

=> d 19 ibib abs

L15 ANSWER 19 OF 23 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 86:56433 USPATFULL

TITLE: Pyrophoric stainless steel

INVENTOR(S): Baldi, Alfonso L., Wynnewood, PA, United States
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Alloy Surfaces Company, Inc., Wilmington, DE, United

States (U.S. corporation)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1983-479211, filed

on 28 Mar 1983 And a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1982-417214, filed on 13 Sep 1982, now abandoned

And

a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1981-311621,

filed on 14 Oct 1981, now abandoned And a

continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1981-302979, filed

on 17 Sep 1981, now abandoned And a

continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1980-191780, filed

on 29 Sep 1980, now abandoned And a

continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1980-172671, filed on 28 Jul 1980, now patented, Pat. No. US 4435481, issued on 6 Mar 1984 And a continuation-in-part of

Ser.

No. US 1977-851504, filed on 14 Nov 1977 , said Ser. No. 479211 , said Ser. No. 417214 , said Ser.

No.

311621, said Ser. No. 302979 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1981-238500, filed on 26 Feb 1981, now patented, Pat. No. US 4350719, issued on 21 Sep 1982 And Ser. No. US 1981-230333, filed on 8 Feb 1981, now patented, Pat. No. US

4347267,

issued on 31 Aug 1982 , said Ser. No. 479211 , said Ser. No. 417214 , said Ser. No. 311621 , said Ser. No. 302979 , said Ser. No. 191780 , said Ser. No. 172671 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1979-25456, filed on 30 Mar 1979, now patented, Pat. No. US 4349612, issued on 14 Sep 1982, said Ser. No. 238500 , said Ser. No. 230333 , said Ser. No. 191780 , said Ser. No. 172671

which

is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1979-89949, filed on 31 Oct 1979, now abandoned Ser. No. Ser. No. US 1979-98654, filed on 29 Nov 1979, now patented,

Pat.

No. US 4290391, issued on 22 Sep 1981 And Ser. No. US 1979-73539, filed on 7 Sep 1979, now patented, Pat.

No.

US 4260654, issued on 7 Apr 1981, said Ser. No. 238500, said Ser. No. 230333 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. 25456, said Ser. No. 191780, said Ser. No. 172671, said Ser.

No.

89949 , said Ser. No. 98654 , said Ser. No.

73539

, said Ser. No. 25456 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1978-963313, filed on 24 Nov 1978, now abandoned Ser. No. Ser. No. US 1979-953762, filed on 23 Oct 1979, now patented, Pat. No. US 4241147, issued on 23 Dec 1980 Ser. No. Ser.

No.

US 1977-809189, filed on 23 Jun 1977, now patented, Pat. No. US 4308160, issued on 29 Dec 1981 And Ser.

No.

US 1976-752855, filed on 21 Dec 1976, now patented, Pat. No. US 4208453, issued on 17 Jun 1980 , said Ser. No. 851504 , said Ser. No. 963313 , said Ser.

No.

953762 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. 809189 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. 752855 Ser. No. Ser. No. US 1976-694951, filed on 11 Jun 1976, now abandoned And Ser. No. US 1975-614834, filed on 19 Sep 1975, now patented, Pat. No. US 4141760, issued on 27 Feb 1979, said Ser. No. 614834 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1974-446473, filed on 27 Feb 1974, now patented, Pat. No. US 3958046, issued on 18 May 1976, said Ser. No. 302979, said Ser. No. 238500, said Ser. No. 230333 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. 809189

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

Utility Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Rutledge, L. Dewayne

ASSISTANT EXAMINER: LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

Kastler, S. Connolly & Hutz

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

5 1 792

LINE COUNT: 792
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Workpieces are very rapidly pack diffusion coated by using an excess of energizers in the pack, heating the retort containing the packed workpieces at a rate that brings the workpieces to diffusion-coating

temperature and then completing the diffusion coating, all in less than 50 minutes, then cooling the retort. Workpiece can have top coating layer of aluminum flake covered by a layer of extremely fine alumina or silica in a magnesium chromate binder, to provide surface having roughness at least about 10 micro-inches smoother than before the top coating. More active diffusion coated products are also produced.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

=> d 20 ibib abs

L15 ANSWER 20 OF 23 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER:

81:19153 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Smooth coating

INVENTOR(S):

Baldi, Alfonso L., Wynnewood, PA, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Alloy Surfaces Company, Inc., Wilmington, DE, United

States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

US 4260654 19810407 US 1979-73539 19790907 (6)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1976-752855, filed on 21 Dec 1976, now patented, Pat. No. US 4208453 Ser. No. Ser. No. US 1977-809189, filed on 23 Jun 1977, now

Defensive Publication No. Ser. No. Ser. No. US 1977-851504, filed on 14 Nov 1977, now Defensive Publication No. Ser. No. Ser. No. US 1978-963313,

filed

on 27 Nov 1978, now Defensive Publication No. And Ser.

No. US 1978-953762, filed on 23 Oct 1978, now

Defensive

Publication No. , each which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1975-614834, filed on 19 Sep 1975, now patented, Pat. No. US 4140760, issued on 27 Feb 1979, said Ser. No. 752855 Ser. No. Ser. No.

And

851504 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1976-694951, filed on 11 Jun 1976, now abandoned , said Ser. No. 614834 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1974-446473, filed on 27 Feb 1974, now patented, Pat. No. US 3958046,

issued on 18 May 1976

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

Utility Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Kendall, Ralph S. Connolly and Hutz

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

6 1

LINE COUNT:

463

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Roughening effect of low-temperature diffusion aluminizing of age-hardenable stainless steels, is offset by applying a nickel or cobalt plating not over 0.1 mil thick before the aluminizing.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L15 ANSWER 21 OF 23 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER:

80:64545 USPATFULL

TITLE: INVENTOR(S):

Diffusion aluminized age-hardenable stainless steel Baldi, Alfonso L., Wynnewood, PA, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Alloy Surfaces Company, Inc., Wilmington, DE, United

States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

US 4241147 19801223 US 1978-953762 19781023

19781023

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1977-851504, filed on 14 Nov 1977, now Defensive Publication No. And Ser.

No. US 1977-809189, filed on 23 Jun 1977, now

Defensive

Publication No. And Ser. No. US 1976-752855, filed on 21 Dec 1976, now patented, Pat. No. US 4208453, issued on 17 Jun 1980 And Ser. No. US 1975-614834, filed on

19

Sep 1975, now patented, Pat. No. US 4141760, issued on 27 Feb 1979 , said Ser. No. 851504 , said Ser. No. 809189 , said Ser. No. 752855 , each which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1976-694951, filed on 11 Jun 1976, now abandoned , said Ser. No.

614834

which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1974-446473, filed on 27 Feb 1974, now patented, Pat. No. US 3958046, issued on 18 May 1976

Utility

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Rutledge, L. Dewayne

ASSISTANT EXAMINER:

Saba, W. G.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Connolly and Hutz

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

1

324

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: LINE COUNT:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Roughening effect of low-temperature diffusion aluminizing of age-hardenable stainless steels, is offset by applying a nickel or cobalt plating not over 0.1 mil thick before the aluminizing.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

=> d 22 ibib abs

L15 ANSWER 22 OF 23 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER:

72:38147 USPATFULL

TITLE:

ELECTRICAL INTERCONNECTOR

INVENTOR (S):

Nellis, Stewart, Colts Neck, NJ, United States Kopf, Joseph Ellis, Cranford, NJ, United States Reti, Adrian R., Cambridge, MA, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Technical Wire Products Inc., Cranford, NJ, United States

NUMBER KIND DATE -----

PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

US 3680037 19720725 US 1970-87172 19701105 (5) DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Champion, Marvin A. ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Staab, Lawrence J.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Littlepage, Quaintance, Wray & Aisenberg

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 13

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 6 Drawing Figure(s); 1 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 281

AB Compressible electrical interconnectors have dielectric holder sheets with compressible conductive plastic rods extending through the sheets. When electrical contacts are pressed against opposite ends of the rods, interconnection is completed.

=> d 23 ibib abs

L15 ANSWER 23 OF 23 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:160180 USPATFULL

TITLE: Structured boehmite pigment and method for making same

INVENTOR(S): Xu, Wen-Qing, Macon, GA, United States Freeman, Gary M., Macon, GA, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): J. M. Huber Corporation, Edison, NJ, United States

(U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE
PATENT INFORMATION: US 6413308 B1 20020702

PATENT INFORMATION: US 6413308 B1 20020702 APPLICATION INFO.: US 1999-419665 19991015 (9)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: GRANTED

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Koslow, C. Melissa

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Nieves, Carlos, Goodrich, David Mitchell

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 19 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 7 Drawing Figure(s); 7 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1081

AB A structured boehmite pigment which comprises a plurality of alumina monohydrate particles. The pigment is particularly useful as a flatting pigment in paint and as an anti-block agent in plastic film. The boehmite pigment has an aggregate median particle size of about 8 to about 30 microns; a total pore volume of at least about 0.8 ml/g; a differential pore volume of less than about 0.3 ml/g; an oil absorption of about 70 to about 135 m/g; a BET surface area of about 3 to about 20 m.sup.2/g, and a TAPPI brightness of at least about 90.

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23 ANSWERS ARE AVAILABLE. SPECIFIED ANSWER NUMBER EXCEEDS ANSWER SET SIZE

The answer numbers requested are not in the answer set. ENTER ANSWER NUMBER OR RANGE (1):end